FILED 5/9/2025 Timothy W Fitzgerald Spokane County Clerk

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## SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR SPOKANE COUNTY

NASRA GERTRUDE, individually, and as Personal Representative of the ESTATE OF SARAH NIYIMBONA,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

PROVIDENCE HEALTH & SERVICES-WASHINGTON, a Washington corporation; and JOHN/JANE DOES 1-99,

Defendants.

25-2-02308-32 No.

COMPLAINT FOR WRONGFUL DEATH

COME NOW the plaintiffs, by and through their attorneys, David Brown and Matt Conner of Brett McCandlis Brown & Conner, PLLC, and allege as follows:

#### T. **PARTIES**

- 1. Nasra Gertrude is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Sarah Niyimbona, deceased, filed as cause number 25-4-00464-37 in Whatcom County Superior Court.
- 2. Nasra Gertrude is the mother of twelve-year-old Sarah Nivimbona who died needlessly because defendant Providence Health & Services - Washington and defendant John/Jane Does 1-99 failed to keep Sarah safe while under their custody and control. Nasra Gertrude resides in Cheney, Spokane County, Washington.
- 3. Defendant Providence Health & Services – Washington d/b/a Providence Sacred Heart Medical Center (hereafter "Providence") is a Washington healthcare provider doing

Brett McCandlis Brown & Conner

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business in Spokane County, Washington. Providence engaged in the business of providing medical services to patients in Spokane County, Washington. At all times material, defendant Providence provided health care services to Sarah Niyimbona and there existed a fiduciary healthcare provider/patient relationship between defendant Providence and Sarah Niyimbona in Spokane County, Washington.

8. Defendant John/Jane Does 1-99 were at the time of the incident, employees/agents of Providence and/or employees/agents providing health care services to Sarah Niyimbona.

#### II. JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 9. Sarah Niyimbona died needlessly due to the negligence of defendant Providence in failing to keep her safe while she was under defendant Providence's custody and control in Spokane County, Washington.
- 10. The court has jurisdiction over the parties to and subject matter of this action. The venue is properly set in Spokane County.

## III. FACTS

- 11. Beginning on or around September of 2024, twelve-year-old Sarah Niyimbona began experiencing intermittent mental health crises related to depression, self-harm, suicide attempts, and suicidal ideation.
- 12. Sarah Niyimbona's mother, Nasra Gertrude, sought medical care for her daughter including mental health treatment and other health care services from health care providers at Providence.
- 13. On or about January of 2025, Sarah Niyimbona was admitted to Providence for inpatient psychiatric services related to her depression, self-harm, and suicide attempts.

- 14. Beginning with Sarah's admission to the pediatric unit of Providence, Sarah was under the 24-hour custody and supervision of Providence and its agents and employees.
- 15. Sarah Niyimbona was admitted to Providence's pediatric unit to keep her safe from self-harm and suicide and to receive treatment related to her mental health conditions.
- 16. Providence's 24-hour custody and supervision of Sarah included but was not limited to the use of a health care worker assigned to monitor Sarah in her room, the use of a video monitoring system, and the use of door alarms. Providence possessed or could access additional technology to prevent the escape of a child under 24-hour custody and supervision.
- 17. Despite an ongoing duty of 24-hour custody and supervision of Sarah Niyimbona in the weeks prior to Sarah's death, Providence removed the health care worker assigned to monitor Sarah Niyimbona.
- 18. Despite an ongoing duty of 24-hour custody and supervision of Sarah Niyimbona in the weeks prior to Sarah's death, Providence removed the video monitoring system from Sarah's room.
- 19. Despite an ongoing duty of 24-hour custody and supervision of Sarah Niyimbona, Providence failed to properly utilize and monitor alarms in Sarah's room allowing her to escape on the early evening of April 13, 2025.
- 20. Twelve-year-old Sarah Niyimbona then was able to walk freely throughout Providence. Ultimately, Sarah reached the fourth floor of Providence' parking structure on the hospital campus where she jumped off suffering catastrophic injuries.
- 21. Sarah Niyimbona did not pass away on impact. She was treated for catastrophic lower extremity injuries for over two hours in Providence's emergency room. Sarah Niyimbona experienced extreme fear, pain, and suffering in the hours prior to her death.

# IV. MEDICAL MALPRACTICE/VIOLATION OF STANDARD OF CARE BY PROVIDENCE

- 22. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege each and every paragraph and allegation set forth in this Complaint for Wrongful Death.
- 23. Defendant Providence, and/or its agents, owed Sarah Niyimbona the duty to exercise the degree of skill, care, and learning of a reasonably prudent health care provider in the State of Washington acting in the same or similar circumstances at the time of their treatment of Sarah Niyimbona.
- 24. Defendant Providence and/or its agents, failed to follow the applicable standard of care and were therefore negligent. The following acts or omissions, individually and in combination, violated the standard of care of a healthcare provider and hospital with a 24-hour duty of custody and supervision over a twelve-year-old child admitted because of multiple suicide attempts and self-harm behavior.
- 25. Defendant Providence's violations of the standard of care injured and/or led to the death of plaintiff Sarah Niyimbona.
- 26. Defendant Providence's violations of the standard of care were a proximate cause of the injury and death of Sarah Niyimbona.

## V. CORPORATE MEDICAL NEGLIGENCE BY PROVIDENCE

- 27. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege each and every paragraph and allegation set forth in this Complaint for Wrongful Death.
- 28. Defendant Providence owed an independent duty of care to Sarah Niyimbona including the duty to exercise reasonable care to adopt and follow policies and procedures for health care provided to its patients. This means that degree of skill, care, and learning expected of

a reasonably prudent hospital in the State of Washington acting in the same or similar circumstances at the time of the care and treatment in question.

- 29. Defendant Providence failed to adopt and follow adequate policies and procedures with respect to the care and treatment of minor individuals such as Sarah Niyimbona experiencing mental health crises requiring in-patient treatment.
- 30. Defendant Providence also failed to adopt and follow adequate policies and procedures related to monitoring, security, and safety of minor individuals such as Sarah Niyimbona experiencing mental health crises.
  - 31. Plaintiff Sarah Niyimbona was injured and died as a result of these failures.
- 32. These failures were, individually and in combination, a proximate cause of the injury and death of Sarah Niyimbona.

## VI. NEGLIGENCE OF JOHN/JANE DOES 1-99

- 33. John/Jane Does 1-99 are employees/agents of Providence and/or employees/agents providing health care services to Sarah Niyimbona.
- 34. John/Jane Does 1-99 owed a duty to exercise the degree of skill, care, and learning expected of a reasonably prudent health care provider in the State of Washington acting in the same or similar circumstances at the time of their treatment of Sarah Niyimbona.
- 35. John/Jane Does 1-99 owed a duty to exercise ordinary care in their interactions with Sarah Niyimbona.
- 36. John/Jane Does 1-99 failed to exercise the care a reasonably careful person would exercise under the same or similar circumstances and in so acting, and/or failing to act, were negligent.

37. John/Jane Does 1-99 failures and/or breaches of duty were the proximate cause of the injury and death of Sarah Niyimbona.

#### VII. PLAINTIFF IS FAULT-FREE

38. Decedent Sarah Niyimbona is fault-free and committed no tortious act that was a proximate cause of her death.

#### VIII. DAMAGES

39. As a direct and proximate result of the tortious conduct of all defendants, the plaintiffs have sustained injuries, damages, and losses, including but not limited to:

#### A. Economic:

- i. Future lost income:
- ii. Funeral and burial expenses;
- iii. Property damage;
- Other out-of-pocket expenses; and iv.
- Other recoverable economic damages, all in amounts to be proven at the v. time of trial

#### B. Non-Economic:

- i. Sarah Niyimbona - Pain and suffering in anticipation of death;
- ii. Sarah Niyimbona - Loss of enjoyment of life;
- Nasra Gertrude Loss of consortium; iii.
- Nasra Gertrude Loss of parent/child relationship; and
- Other recoverable noneconomic damages, all in amounts to be proven at the v. time of trial.
- 40. Plaintiffs hereby give notice of their demands of the named defendants to make specific reference in their Answer to any unnamed parties considered by the defendants named herein to be liable to plaintiffs upon this cause of action.

#### LIMITED WAIVER OF PHYSICIAN-PATIENT PRIVILEGE IX.

41 Pursuant to RCW 5.60.060(4)(6), plaintiff waives the physician-patient privilege only insofar as necessary to place any and all alleged damages at issue at the time of trial, as might

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be required by statute or amended by statute or case law interpreting the statutes of the State of Washington. It should be understood that plaintiff's actions do not constitute a waiver of any of her conditional rights and that defendants are not to contact any treating physicians or counselors-past, present, or future-without first notifying counsel for plaintiff so that the matter may be brought to this Court's attention and plaintiff may seek appropriate relief, including imposing limitations and restrictions upon any desire or intent by defendants to contact past or subsequent treating physicians ex parte, pursuant to the rule in Loudon v. Mhyre, 110 Wn.2d 675 (1988).

#### X. VOLUNTARY ARBITRATION

42. Plaintiffs decline to participate in voluntary arbitration, pursuant to RCW 7.70A, and attaches and incorporates herein the signed declaration, which is Exhibit A to this Complaint.

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## XI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs pray for judgment against the defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

- 1. A judgment of liability for all the plaintiffs' injuries and losses;
- 2. Compensation for all economic losses sustained by the plaintiffs;
- 3. Compensation for all non-economic losses sustained by plaintiffs;
- 4. Pre-judgment interest;
- 5. Reasonable and statutory attorneys' fees;
- 6. Plaintiffs' costs and disbursements incurred herein; and

1	7. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper
2	DATED this 9 <sup>th</sup> day of May, 2025.
3	BRETT McCANDLIS BROWN & CONNER, PLLC
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5	By
6	Matthew Conner, WSBA N Attorneys for Plaintiffs
7	Attorneys for Figure 1
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David Brown, WSBA No. 39810 Matthew Conner, WSBA No. 47733 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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## **EXHIBIT A**

## **DECLARATION RE VOLUNTARY ARBITRATION**

- I, Nasra Gertrude, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington:
- 1. I am Plaintiff in this lawsuit and my attorney has provided me a copy of the Voluntary Arbitration provisions of RCW 7.70A. I have reviewed the Act; and
  - 2. I hereby elect to:
  - Decline to proceed under the Voluntary Arbitration Act and wish to submit the case to a jury.
  - Proceed under the Voluntary Arbitration Act and understand there is a \$1 million limit on any recovery.

DATED this 8<sup>th</sup> day of May, 2025.

-DocuSigned by:

Masra Gertrude

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Nasra Gertrude Personal Representative of the Estate of Sarah Niyimbona